Integration Road Map

for Victims of Trafficking among Migrants in =inland, Germany and Sweden

Introduction to TRAM Project

Main donor: *European Union – Asylum, Migration and Integration Fund (AMIF)*

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Project partners:

- ICMPD (in the lead);
- Council of the Baltic Sea States Secretariat (CBSS);
- Greek National Centre for Social Solidarity (EKKA);
- La Strada International (LSI);
- Bulgarian National Commission to Combat Trafficking in Human Beings (NCCTHB);
- Terre des hommes (Tdh).

3 specific objectives

→

work packages

1. ***WP 1:*** *Enhancing the knowledge of migration, asylum and anti-trafficking stakeholders in the targeted countries by conducting an* ***assessment*** *on a) the risk of exploitation and trafficking among vulnerable populations; b) gaps and needs analysis on stakeholder capacity in intervention responses and related training needs; and c) analysis of the integration of trafficked people in destination countries*

2. ***WP 2:*** *Strengthening the capacity of relevant stakeholders and improving the exchange of experiences and best practices for early identification and referral of trafficked people among vulnerable populations, by fostering innovative methods and activities, such as the development of* ***an e-learning module*** *and the implementation of 2* ***webinars*** *for practitioners; 2 national trainings are also envisaged in BG and Greece*

3. ***WP 3:*** *Enabling integration possibilities in destination countries by developing* ***local level model strategic plans for integration*** *of victims of trafficking among vulnerable populations in selected destination countries (Germany, Finland and Sweden), as well as designing an* ***integration roadmap*** *targeting policy makers*

Naturally every story of integration begins with difficulty. Integration is not a garment we put on and –voila! –instantly become German. It is rather the acceptance of cultural differences and the search for common ground.-

Syrian Writer Widad Nabi, 33 years.

Aim of integration

“The road of integration” of trafficked migrants to the desired state: The individual is empowered as an active member of the society; economically, politically and socially.

Main challenges

Lack of information and data on potential victims of human trafficking

Long term assistance and integration measures provided to trafficked persons differs

Most of the initiatives target migrants in general and are not specifically designed for exploited migrants and victims of human trafficking

Aren’t we taking away the agency of people when we place them in a “vulnerable box”? Don’t we victimise migrants by calling them vulnerable, calling them victims? Is there need to have specialised services for victims of human trafficking?

Various levels of long term assistance and integration of victims

The overemphasis on victim's status rather than on victim's individual healthcare needs

Assistance systems often are fragmented and complicated to navigate

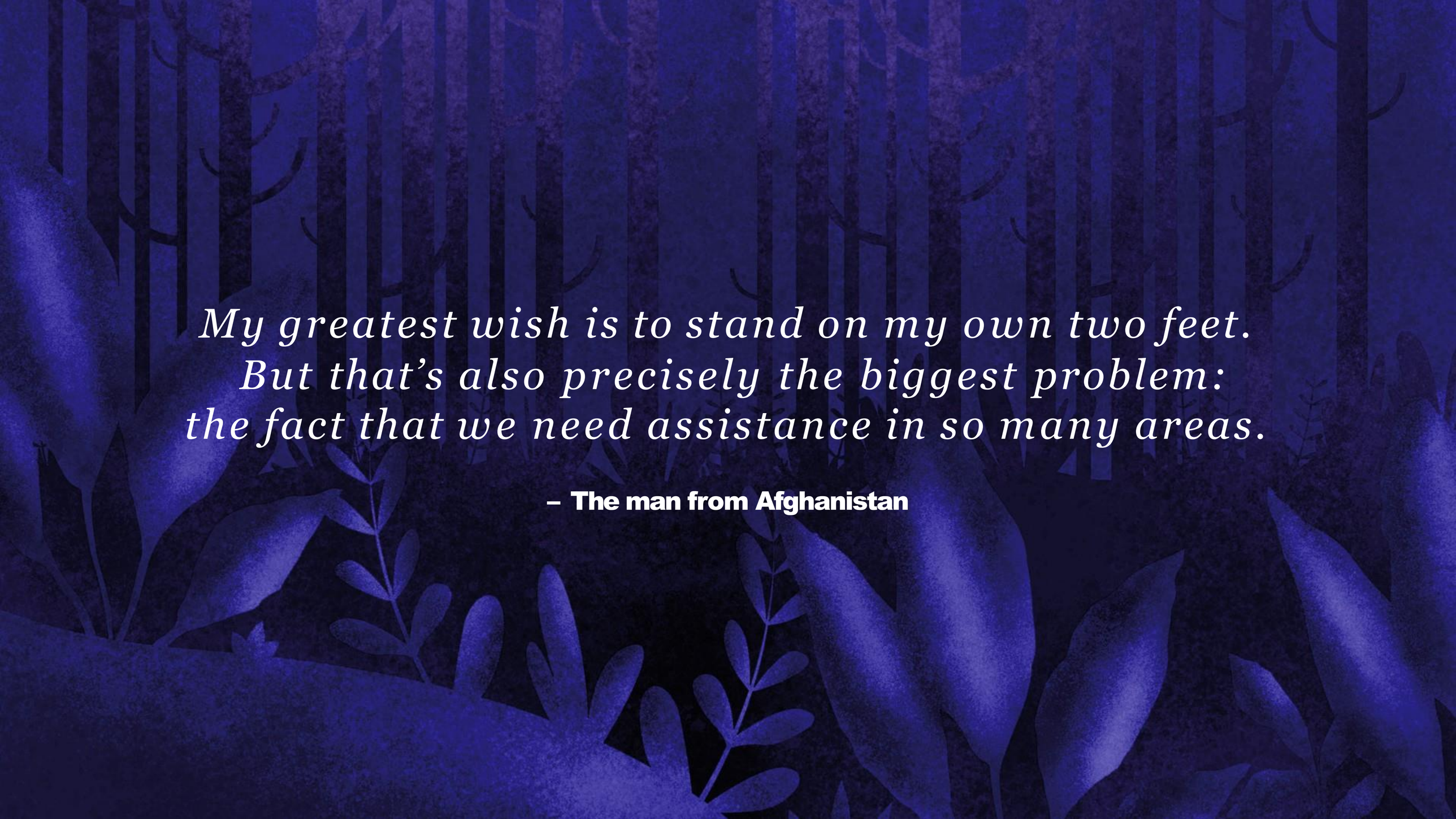
Most of service providers are still specialised to deal with female victims of trafficking for sexual exploitation

Lack of appropriate housing for victims of human trafficking

Difficulties to gain access to the labour market and to take lawful and safe employment options

Discrimination and self discrimination and others...

Is integration of migrants an obligation or a right?
Aren’t we enforcing integration on migrants, especially on vulnerable migrants like victims of human trafficking?


My greatest wish is to stand on my own two feet.
But that's also precisely the biggest problem:
the fact that we need assistance in so many areas.
– The man from Afghanistan

Thank You!

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